Welcome to Autumn 1!

This term we will be focusing home learning on 'Natural Disasters that effect the South Pacific'. This will help consolidate the learning taking place in school.

All pupils must complete the tasks by Friday 20th October 2023.

All pupils are expected to do the following weekly set task alongside:

- ✓ Daily reading—The expectation is that your child will read daily for a minimum of 20 minutes at home using the online 'Reading Planet' programme.
- ✓ Weekly maths – My Maths home learning tasks, maths games and activities on OneNote
- √ Weekly Spellings see below

Education must develop every child's personality, talents and abilities to the full (UNCRC Articles 28 & 29). We can't wait to see what you do and look forward to seeing your wonderful home learning.

Yours Sincerely,

Year 5 Team

Focus – Natural Disasters that effect the South Pacific

Some facts about New Zealand:

- New Zealand is an island country located in the southwestern Pacific Ocean.
- It consists of two main islands called the North Island and the South Island.
- Wellington is the capital city of New Zealand.
- English is the most commonly spoken language, but Māori is also an official language.
- New Zealand is home to unique animals like the kiwi bird (a flightless bird) and the tuatara (a lizard-like reptile).
- The famous "Lord of the Rings" movie trilogy was filmed in New Zealand, showcasing its stunning landscapes.
- New Zealand has no native snake species. It's one of the few countries without snakes!
- New Zealand is known for its delicious kiwi fruit, which is named after the kiwi bird.

More information

- Climate change has increased the amount of natural disasters it has experienced
- The main 2 disasters are earthquake and tsunami.
- Earthquakes with an epicentre in the ocean can lead to a tsunami.
- New Zealand's climate is extremely varied from the top of the North Island to the bottom of the South Island.
- The climate means many different types of animal and plant species thrive in these conditions.

Key Vocabulary and definitions linked to the South Pacific									
Word	Definition	Word	Definition						
Oceania	Continent that includes Australasia, Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.	Pacific Ocean	The largest and deepest ocean on Earth						
Maori	The first group of people to arrive in New Zealand	Natural disaster	A natural event that can cause severe damage, destruction and death						
island	An area of land completely surrounded by a body of water	settlers	People to arrive in an area and make their home						
voyage	A long journey by sea	epidemic	A widespread infection of a disease/ illness in an area						

Home Learning Tasks

Week 2 Week 3

Article 3 The best interests of the child must be a top Article 12 Every child has the right to have a say priority in all things that affect children.

Reflection – how can you use the Zones of Regulation to support you to manage your self and emotions?

Project: Create a detailed map of New Zealand, highlighting its geographical features and regions prone to natural disasters. You can even make it a 3d map.



Resources-

New Zealand Geographic Kids New Zealand Topo Map

Another way of presenting this is that you could create a multimedia presentation (e.g., PowerPoint or video) about New Zealand's geography, emphasising its natural features and regions prone to natural disasters.

in all matters affecting them, and to have their views taken seriously.

Project: Research and create an informative poster about earthquake safety measures for vour family.



Resources –

GNS Science - Earthquakes New Zealand ShakeOut

Another way of presenting this is that you could produce a short educational video about earthquake safety measures for your family. Use visuals, demonstrations, and explanations so people know what they need to do to keep safe.

Article 19 Governments must do all they can to ensure that children are protected from all forms of violence, abuse, neglect and bad treatment by their parents or anyone else who looks after them.

Week 4

Reflection: Say a prayer for people that are experiencing an earthquake in their country.

Project: Create a model or drawing of a famous New Zealand volcano (e.g., Mount Ruapehu) and write a short description of its history and characteristics.

- 1. **Pick a Volcano**: Choose a famous New Zealand volcano.
- **Learn Its History**: Find out when it erupted and any big events.
- **Describe Location**: Say where it is in New Zealand.
- **Physical Traits**: Mention its height and shape.
- **Environment Impact**: Explain how it affects the area around it.
- **Cultural Significance**: Explore its importance to people.
- 7. **Create Model/Draw**: Make a model or drawing of the volcano.
- **Label and Write**: Add labels and write a short description.
- **Presentation**: Be ready to show and talk about your work.
- 10. Be Safe: Be careful with materials and tools.
- 11. **Be Creative**: Have fun being creative and accurate.



Resources-

Volcano Discovery

Te Ara - Encyclopedia of New Zealand: Volcanoes

		Another way of presenting this is that you imagine you're
		setting up a special online museum about famous New
		Zealand volcanoes. You can make computer pictures or 3D
		drawings of these volcanoes, and then tell their stories and
		what they look like in a video.
Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Article 28 Every child has the right to an education.	Article 31 Every child has the right to relax, play	Article 24 Every child has the right to the best possible
	and take part in a wide range of cultural and	health. Governments must work to provide good quality
Reflection - How does getting an education empower	artistic activities.	health care, clean water, nutritious food and a clean
children and contribute to their overall well-being?		environment so that children can stay healthy.
	Reflection – how are play and recreational	
Project: Research tsunamis and coastal hazards in	activities good for children's physical and mental	Reflection - Find a news story about children's access to
New Zealand and write a short report or infographic	well-being. How can adults support children's	healthcare in a specific community or country. Reflect on
on how they occur and how people can stay safe.	right to play and rest in today's busy world?	the importance of Article 24 in ensuring children's health
		and well-being. How can governments and organisations
ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND THE P	Project: Create a weather journal to record daily	improve access to healthcare for all children?
	weather conditions in your area for one week.	
The state of the s	Present your findings in a creative way.	Project: Develop an emergency preparedness plan for your
The same and the s		family, including a list of essential items to have on hand in
2 minutes of contraction of the	WEATHER	case of a natural disaster, including evacuation plans and
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	safety tips.
The same of the sa	■ *** **	
und	White Side Country	Resources –
AAR	RANBOWS When the	Get Ready Get Thru - Emergency Survival Items
Resources –	STARS;	Red Cross New Zealand - Prepare for Emergencies
Ministry of Civil Defence & Emergency Management:	Resources –	
<u>Tsunamis</u>	MetService - New Zealand Weather	Another way of presenting this is that you could design and
NIWA - Coastal Hazards	NIWA - Climate and Weather	draw a family emergency preparedness guide or record a 5
		step instructions of what to do in case of an emergency.
Another way of presenting this is that you could draw	Another way of presenting this is that you could	
a picture showing the tsunami and its effects	create a podcast or audio diary of your daily	
	weather observations and experiences for a	
	week. Share interesting weather facts and stories	
	from your recordings.	

<u>Spellings</u> <u>Every week you will have a spelling test. Please learn the spellings.</u>

	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Group 1	-nk words	<u>-ve words</u>	<u>ea words</u>	today	you	one
				said	they	once
	bank	have	head	says	she	ask
	sink	live	bread	are	here	friend
	think	give	meant	were	there	school
	drink	drive	instead	was	where	put
	trunk	cave	read	his	love	push
				has	come	pull
Group 2	-sure/-ture words	-sion words	-tion words			
	measure	division,	invention	accident	accidentally	peculiar
	treasure	invasion	injection	centre	century	sentence
	pleasure	confusion	action	experience	experiment	actually
	enclosure	decision	hesitation	important	interest	circle
	creature	collision	completion	ordinary	actual	famous
	furniture	television	fraction	reign	certain	knowledge
	picture	conclusion	station	particular	extreme	perhaps
	nature	cohesion	equation	remember	island	separate
Group 3	shouldn't	chef	-ough letter strings	-ciousendings	-tious endings	-cial endings
	couldn't	stories	thought	spacious	cautious	crucial
	collision	women's	brought	vicious	ambitious	facial
	preferred	bicycles	fought	precious	fictitious	official
	television	famous	rough	delicious	infectious	special
	tremendous	serious	tough	malicious	nutritious	beneficial
	completion	pleasure	enough	suspicious	available	artificial
	explanation	chemist	cough	conscious	forty	superficial
	profession	colleague	although	disastrous	twelfth	average
	pronunciation	scissors	though	mischievous	hindrance	awkward
			thorough	amateur	government	bargain